

## **Inspection of Manor Infant School**

Fernhill Road, Cove, Farnborough, Hampshire GU14 9DX

Inspection dates:

21 and 22 November 2023

Overall effectiveness	Requires improvement
The quality of education	Requires improvement
Behaviour and attitudes	Good
Personal development	Good
Leadership and management	Requires improvement
Early years provision	Requires improvement
Previous inspection grade	Outstanding



#### What is it like to attend this school?

The school is ambitious that pupils will achieve well and become independent, lifelong learners. Recently, however, pupils have not received the high-quality education that leaders know they deserve. Although pupils' published results are not where the school would want them to be, there are early signs, in some more well-established areas of the curriculum, that the quality of education pupils are getting is improving. However, there is still much work to do.

The school places considerable emphasis on pupils' well-being. Pupils learn about their emotions and are helped to recognise feelings, such as anger, sadness, or fear. They make the most of the school's many calm and relaxing spaces to reflect on how they are feeling during times of tension. One parent commented that: 'Teachers care a lot about children and their well-being. The school is very supportive and welcoming.'

Pupils are taught to 'be the best they can be'. They learn about the school values, saying that the most important one is kindness. Adults exemplify the values, demonstrating their high expectations. Pupils often help each other, sharing pens and glue in lessons and holding doors open as they walk through the school.

# What does the school do well and what does it need to do better?

The governing body is aware that pupils are not getting the education they would want for them. They are working with the help of the local authority to improve this situation. Useful training is helping the governing body to better understand their statutory duties, and to provide helpful support and challenge to the school.

The school is working hard to design a coherent curriculum, so that pupils' learning builds from Reception to Year 2. In some subjects, the school has identified exactly which knowledge and skills pupils should learn and in which order. In others, it has outlined the broad areas and is now breaking these down into smaller, logically sequenced steps, so teachers know precisely what must be taught and when. While this work remains ongoing, pupils are achieving better in some subjects than others.

In more well-developed subjects, such as mathematics and science, the school's well-planned curriculum from Reception onwards is starting to show impact. In mathematics, for instance, pupils in Year 2 can explain how learning the idea of 'one more' in Year one helps them to add two-digit numbers. Because teachers know exactly what must be taught in these subjects, they focus on the most important skills and knowledge, returning to them periodically. Teachers use activities which help pupils to understand the curriculum better and practise new learning. Teachers check for understanding regularly and help any pupils who need further explanation. As a result of this approach, pupils remember what they have learned in the long term. In other less well-developed areas of the curriculum in Reception, and key stage 1, there is less clarity about what pupils should learn, with the work given lacking any clear purpose or direction. This means that progress for all pupils,



including those with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND), is hindered.

Pupils do not develop their early reading knowledge and skills quickly enough. The school recognises this and has made attempts to strengthen the teaching of phonics. However, adults have not had the training they need to teach reading with accuracy, rigour and consistency. Consequently, pupils often lose concentration in lessons, daydreaming or chatting to their friends. This means they do not develop secure phonics knowledge and cannot access the wider curriculum well enough. Furthermore, when pupils fall behind with the reading curriculum, not all adults have the expertise to help them catch up quickly. The books pupils read do not always precisely match the sounds they are learning, so those pupils who are falling behind do not get the specific practise they need to catch up.

Pupils' personal development is a strength of the school. Pupils are taught how to keep safe on the internet. They learn about staying healthy through eating the right foods, getting enough sleep, and exercising. Every day they have the opportunity to walk or run a mile. Pupils are taught about people's similarities and differences and why they should be respected and celebrated. There are opportunities to visit places of interest, such as the farm and the local cinema. Visits from the police, the nurse and members of the local church enrich the curriculum. Pupils enjoy contributing to the school community and developing leadership skills through being corridor monitors and playground friends. They behave well, respecting adults whom they trust to help them.

### Safeguarding

The arrangements for safeguarding are effective.

#### What does the school need to do to improve?

#### (Information for the school and appropriate authority)

- In some parts of the curriculum, the components of knowledge that pupils need to learn are not identified. In these areas, teachers do not know exactly what to teach and when, so that pupils' learning can build securely over time. The school should ensure that the intended learning is identified equally well across the whole of the curriculum, so that pupils learn consistently well across their broad range of subjects.
- Not all staff who need to have been trained in phonics. Because of this, pupils who struggle with reading do not consistently get the help they need. The school should continue to develop staff's knowledge and expertise in teaching phonics, so all adults are able to give pupils the expert help they need in reading.
- The activities pupils undertake in lessons are not closely matched to what adults want them to learn. Consequently, pupils do not understand and remember what they have learned. As the curriculum develops further, the school should ensure that appropriate activities are used to teach the intended knowledge effectively.



#### How can I feed back my views?

You can use Ofsted Parent View to give Ofsted your opinion on your child's school, or to find out what other parents and carers think. We use information from Ofsted Parent View when deciding which schools to inspect, when to inspect them and as part of their inspection.

The Department for Education has further guidance on how to complain about a school.

#### **Further information**

You can search for published performance information about the school.

In the report, 'disadvantaged pupils' is used to mean pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND); pupils who meet the definition of children in need of help and protection; pupils receiving statutory local authority support from a social worker; and pupils who otherwise meet the criteria used for deciding the school's pupil premium funding (this includes pupils claiming free school meals at any point in the last six years, looked after children (children in local authority care) and/or children who left care through adoption or another formal route).



#### **School details**

Unique reference number	116150
Local authority	Hampshire
Inspection number	10287888
Type of school	Infant
School category	Community
Age range of pupils	5 to 7
Gender of pupils	Mixed
Number of pupils on the school roll	205
Appropriate authority	The governing body
Chair of governing body	Stacey Parsons
Headteacher	Emma Dare
Website	http://www.manor-inf.hants.sch.uk
Date of previous inspection	22 March 2011, under section 5 of the Education act 2005

#### Information about this school

■ The school does not currently use any alternative provision.

#### Information about this inspection

- Inspections are a point-in-time judgement about the quality of a school's education provision.
- The inspectors carried out this graded inspection under section 5 of the Education Act 2005.
- This was the first routine inspection the school received since the COVID-19 pandemic began. The inspectors discussed the impact of the pandemic with leaders and have taken that into account in their evaluation of the school.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of safeguarding, the inspectors: reviewed the single central record; took account of the views of leaders, staff, and pupils; and considered the extent to which the school has created an open and positive culture around safeguarding that puts pupils' interests first.
- The inspectors carried out deep dives in reading, mathematics, science and history. For each deep dive, they discussed the curriculum with subject leaders,



visited a sample of lessons, spoke to teachers, spoke to some pupils about their learning and looked at samples of pupils' work. The inspectors also held an additional meeting about curriculum development in key stage 1 and the Reception Year.

- During the inspection, the inspectors met with the headteacher, deputy headteacher and a representative of the local governing body.
- Views of pupils and staff were gathered through interviews and discussions conducted throughout the inspection.
- The inspectors reviewed a range of the school's documents, including selfevaluation reports, minutes of local governing body meetings and behaviour incident logs.
- The inspectors observed pupils' behaviour during lessons and at playtimes. They spoke with pupils about bullying, behaviour, and leaders' expectations of pupils' behaviour.

#### **Inspection team**

Jo Brinkley, lead inspector

His Majesty's Inspector

Kirstine Boon

Ofsted Inspector



The Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills (Ofsted) regulates and inspects to achieve excellence in the care of children and young people, and in education and skills for learners of all ages. It regulates and inspects childcare and children's social care, and inspects the Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service (Cafcass), schools, colleges, initial teacher training, further education and skills, adult and community learning, and education and training in prisons and other secure establishments. It assesses council children's services, and inspects services for children looked after, safeguarding and child protection.

If you would like a copy of this document in a different format, such as large print or Braille, please telephone 0300 123 1231, or email enquiries@ofsted.gov.uk.

You may reuse this information (not including logos) free of charge in any format or medium, under the terms of the Open Government Licence. To view this licence, visit www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/, write to the Information Policy Team, The National Archives, Kew, London TW9 4DU, or email: psi@nationalarchives.gsi.gov.uk.

This publication is available at http://reports.ofsted.gov.uk/.

Interested in our work? You can subscribe to our monthly newsletter for more information and updates: http://eepurl.com/iTrDn.

Piccadilly Gate Store Street Manchester M1 2WD

T: 0300 123 1231 Textphone: 0161 618 8524 E: enquiries@ofsted.gov.uk W: www.gov.uk/ofsted

© Crown copyright 2023