

## Inspection of Gotherington Primary School

The Lawns, Gotherington, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire GL52 9QT

Inspection dates:

6 and 7 December 2023

Overall effectiveness	Good
The quality of education	Good
Behaviour and attitudes	Good
Personal development	Good
Leadership and management	Good
Early years provision	Good
Previous inspection grade	Not previously inspected under section 5 of the Education Act 2005

The headteacher of this school is Katie Langley. This school is a single-academy trust, which means other people in the trust also have responsibility for running the school. The trust is overseen by a board of trustees, chaired by Michael Mintram.

Ofsted has not previously inspected Gotherington Primary School as an academy under section 5 of the Education Act 2005 as, until November 2020, the school was exempted by law from routine inspection, so there has been a longer gap than usual between inspections. Judgements in this report are based on the current inspection framework and also reflect changes that may have happened at any point since the last graded inspection of the predecessor school.



### What is it like to attend this school?

The Gotherington GOALS are woven into daily life for pupils. The GOALS help pupils to develop positive attitudes to learning. For example, pupils of all ages are proud of how they strive to give their best and love learning. Consequently, pupils have a good understanding of what it means to be a successful learner.

Pupils enjoy taking on responsibility through roles such as house captains and school councillors. They are proud of the contribution they make to school life, such as the design of the new buildings and play resources. Pupils feel part of their community. They participate in charitable work, such as the food bank, to help those in need. They mark important national occasions by representing the school at the annual Remembrance service and join the village in celebrations such as the living Advent calendar.

In lessons, pupils are attentive and work hard. They learn that people are different and have different opinions and backgrounds. They know that it is important to treat everyone fairly. However, this does not always show in their behaviour towards one another. Some pupils experience friendship issues and name calling. The school's new restorative approach to managing behaviour is not yet embedded. This means that some pupils still struggle to interact kindly and take personal responsibility for their actions.

# What does the school do well and what does it need to do better?

Reading is at the heart of the school's curriculum. The 'Reading River' for each year group identifies books that pupils will study or listen to during the year. This means that pupils leave the school having read a broad range of fiction and non-fiction. The curriculum for Reception children uses rich stories that spark their interest and enjoyment in reading. Author visits, local competitions and initiatives such as the 'Birthday Book' all contribute to pupils' love of reading.

The school ensures that pupils learn to read well. The sequenced phonics programme builds pupils' knowledge and fluency as readers. Any pupils who need help receive support promptly. Older pupils develop key reading skills. They gradually apply these to more and more complex texts. At times, these texts are too difficult for some pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to read independently.

The school has designed an ambitious curriculum. It has chosen content that develops pupils' cultural capital and equips them with the knowledge and skills they need for the future. This knowledge is carefully sequenced so that pupils build on what they already know. The school has also ensured that pupils can build links between subjects.

The school has identified the key concepts pupils need to understand. While these are not yet fully embedded, they are already having an impact on pupils' learning.



For example, pupils can make links across different historical periods, such as inventions in the Victorian age and tools in the Iron Age.

Teaching accurately checks pupils' understanding. Any misconceptions are addressed quickly. This helps pupils to secure their understanding. For example, in phonics, pupils quickly learn the accurate pronunciation of sounds. This is because teaching picks up any incorrect articulation. In some subjects, the school is refining assessments to link more closely to the knowledge pupils need to learn.

Pupils with SEND learn alongside their peers. Adult support helps pupils to read and participate in learning. However, teaching sometimes relies too heavily on this one type of support. It does not use a wide range of adaptation to enable pupils to learn independently.

The school has developed a range of provision to support pupils' mental health and well-being. The school dog, Hero, is successfully used to encourage pupils to come to school, to regulate their behaviour and to comfort them. They are proud of the mental health award they have.

Governors play an important role in shaping the vision for the school. They have a good understanding of the community it serves and how this has changed over recent years. They know precisely the strengths and areas for development within the school.

### Safeguarding

The arrangements for safeguarding are effective.

#### What does the school need to do to improve?

#### (Information for the school and appropriate authority)

- Teaching does not use a wide range of adaptation to help pupils with SEND to learn well. Consequently, pupils are over-reliant on adult support and struggle to learn independently. The school must develop teachers' skills to scaffold learning for pupils with SEND so that they develop independence in their learning.
- Some pupils do not always behave well towards one another. The school does not use the information from incidents to adapt what pupils learn in the wider, nonacademic curriculum so that there is demonstrable improvement to their interactions. The school must make better use of analysis to shape the provision for personal development and behaviour management. This is to enable pupils to apply what they learn to their relationships and interactions with one another.



#### How can I feed back my views?

You can use Ofsted Parent View to give Ofsted your opinion on your child's school, or to find out what other parents and carers think. We use information from Ofsted Parent View when deciding which schools to inspect, when to inspect them and as part of their inspection.

The Department for Education has further guidance on how to complain about a school.

#### **Further information**

You can search for published performance information about the school.

In the report, 'disadvantaged pupils' is used to mean pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND); pupils who meet the definition of children in need of help and protection; pupils receiving statutory local authority support from a social worker; and pupils who otherwise meet the criteria used for deciding the school's pupil premium funding (this includes pupils claiming free school meals at any point in the last six years, looked after children (children in local authority care) and/or children who left care through adoption or another formal route).



### **School details**

Unique reference number	137207
Local authority	Gloucestershire
Inspection number	10242389
Type of school	Primary
School category	Academy converter
Age range of pupils	4 to 11
Gender of pupils	Mixed
Number of pupils on the school roll	202
Appropriate authority	Board of trustees
Chair of trust	Michael Mintram
Headteacher	Katie Langley
Website	www.gotherington.gloucs.sch.uk
Date of previous inspection	Not previously inspected

### Information about this school

- Gotherington Primary School converted to become an academy in August 2011. When its predecessor school, Gotherington Primary School, was last inspected by Ofsted, it was judged to be outstanding overall.
- The school does not use alternative provision.

### Information about this inspection

The inspectors carried out this graded inspection under section 5 of the Education Act 2005.

- Inspections are a point-in-time judgement about the quality of a school's education provision.
- This was the first routine inspection the school received since the COVID-19 pandemic began. Inspectors discussed the impact of the pandemic with the school and have taken that into account in their evaluation of the school.
- Inspectors carried out deep dives in these subjects: early reading, mathematics and history. For each deep dive, inspectors discussed the curriculum with subject



leaders, visited a sample of lessons, spoke to teachers, spoke to some pupils about their learning and looked at samples of pupils' work.

- Inspectors held meetings with the headteacher, deputy headteachers, special educational needs coordinator, curriculum leaders, teaching and support staff, the chair of the trust board and members of the local governing board.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of safeguarding, the inspectors: reviewed the single central record; took account of the views of leaders, staff and pupils; and considered the extent to which the school has created an open and positive culture around safeguarding that puts pupils' interests first.
- The lead inspector listened to pupils read to an adult.
- Inspectors observed pupils' behaviour in lessons and around the school site. In addition, they met with pupils, formally and informally, to hear their views.
- Inspectors considered responses to Ofsted's online questionnaire, Ofsted Parent View, including free-text responses. Inspectors also took into consideration responses to the staff and pupil surveys.
- Inspectors examined a range of documentation provided by the school, including the school's improvement plan and self-evaluation form.

#### **Inspection team**

Angela Folland, lead inspector

His Majesty's Inspector

Sean Millar

Ofsted Inspector



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