

Roehampton University

Education Department, University of Roehampton, London SW15 5PJ

Inspection dates

6 March to 9 March 2023

Inspection judgements

	Primary age-phase	Secondary age-phase	
Overall effectiveness	Outstanding	Good	
The quality of education and training	Outstanding	Good	
Leadership and management	Outstanding	Good	
Overall effectiveness at previous inspection	Good	Good	

What is it like to be a trainee at this ITE provider?

Trainees are inspired by their lecturers, who instil in them real enthusiasm for teaching their subject or phase. The course is also designed to ensure that trainees are well prepared for the practical realities of a career in teaching, including managing workload. They learn how to be resilient and to think critically about what knowledge to teach and how to teach it. Trainees' well-being is central to leaders' work. One trainee summed this up by likening the course to a marathon, with university staff being 'the crowd cheering trainees on'.

Trainees are exceptionally well prepared to understand and manage pupils' behaviour. Secondary-phase trainees especially value putting their learning about behaviour into practice during professional hub days. The curriculum prepares trainees to meet the needs of all pupils, including those with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND). This learning is complemented by subject studies. Through this, trainees learn how to adapt teaching to the context of their specialisms and to the needs of the pupils they teach.

Trainees become confident subject experts. Primary-phase trainees receive an excellent grounding in teaching the full range of national curriculum subjects. Trainees particularly like that they can specialise in subjects and take their expertise further. Preparing primary-phase trainees to teach early reading is a priority. Secondary-phase trainees also benefit from training in early reading. They value how this prepares them to support less confident readers.



Typically, trainees spoke highly of communication across the partnership. They like the reflective questions that are used to help join up the centre-based training with their school placements. In the secondary phase, however, support from school-based mentoring is at times not as effective in extending trainees' knowledge of how to translate theories about teaching their subject into classroom practice.



Information about this ITE provider

- The provider currently has 673 primary-phase trainees and 152 secondary-phase trainees.
- The primary phase has trainees on the three-year Bachelor of Arts degree course, the Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE), the School Direct (salaried and nonsalaried) routes and the teacher apprenticeship programme at level 6.
- Trainees in the secondary phase are on the PGCE, School Direct (salaried and non-salaried) routes and the teacher apprenticeship programme at level 6.
- The provider has 108 partnership schools in the primary phase and 109 partnership schools in the secondary phase. It works with approximately seven all-through schools.
- There are 15 level 6 teacher apprentices in the primary and secondary phases. The secondary-phase apprentices are preparing to teach art, English and history.

Information about this inspection

- This inspection was carried out by nine of His Majesty's Inspectors and three Ofsted Inspectors.
- Inspectors met with partnership leaders (including the head of the initial teacher education (ITE) department), the heads of the primary and secondary phases, and the primary- and secondary-phase management boards.
- Inspectors met with two groups of senior leaders from primary and secondary partnership schools. They held meetings with trainees, school-based mentors, university mentors, early career teachers, teacher apprentices and subject tutors. They met with a local authority representative who works with the university.
- Inspectors spoke to 42 primary-phase trainees, 60 secondary-phase trainees, teacher apprentices and 48 early career teachers. Some of these discussions took place remotely.
- In the primary phase, focused reviews were conducted in early reading, art and design, computing, humanities (geography and history), modern foreign languages, mathematics, music, physical education and science.
- In the secondary phase, inspectors carried out focused reviews in art, computing, English, geography, history, mathematics, modern foreign languages, music and science.
- Inspectors visited 23 primary placement settings and 12 secondary placement settings.



Primary phase report

What works well in the primary phase and what needs to be done better?

This course enables trainees to thrive in their development as teachers. Everyone involved in teaching the programme, both at the university and in school, makes sure that trainees receive the knowledge and guidance that they need to get the very best start in the profession. Leaders evaluate the ITE curriculum and trainees' experience with rigour. They use the views of partnership schools and trainees to make necessary refinements.

Course leaders have made sure that the ITE curriculum is extremely ambitious in scope. Its content choice is rigorous. Leaders have planned every aspect of the curriculum coherently, with the entitlements of the core content framework (CCF) included in a consistently purposeful way. Leaders and staff have carefully considered the CCF statements and have woven these into each element of the course.

Whichever route trainees are on, course leaders have ensured that early reading is a priority. Well-sequenced sessions at the university build and strengthen trainees' knowledge over time, including in systematic synthetic phonics (SSP). Carefully planned pre-course and in-school tasks are designed to ensure that trainees build on what they already know and put their learning into practice. Trainees regularly revisit their understanding, for example through quizzes. Regardless of the age range that they will be teaching, all trainees are exceptionally well prepared to teach pupils to read using SSP.

Every national curriculum subject is taught in great depth by lecturers with expertise in their fields. Course leaders use research to support trainees in learning how to present subject matter clearly and explicitly. Trainees learn how to plan and resource lesson sequences. They feel fully prepared to teach the primary national curriculum by the time they complete their training. The subject specialism aspect of the course adds significantly to trainees' confidence. Teaching pupils with SEND is carefully and meaningfully integrated into all aspects of the training programme. Trainees draw on this learning regularly.

The curriculum is co-designed with partnership schools. This helps to ensure that what trainees learn and practise on their placements aligns closely with subject content taught at university sessions. The mentoring programme makes a marked contribution to how well the training is integrated. Reflective questions devised by leaders help trainees and their mentors focus on the key things that trainees need to learn, practise and master. Trainees develop an excellent understanding of the purpose of assessment. They are shown how to use assessment approaches to identify misconceptions and gaps in pupils' knowledge. School-based mentors are impressed at how well trainees reflect on, and adapt to, the assessment routines in their placement schools.

Learning more about the professional behaviours expected of a teacher informs all parts of the course, including lectures. The sessions are thought provoking. They encourage trainees to challenge stereotypes, as well as to develop a greater understanding of the professional standards for teachers.



The assessment of trainees is a thorough and ongoing process. Each person understands the part they play in making sure that trainees progress successfully through the curriculum. Mentors consistently set clear, weekly targets. Assignments are well designed and strategically placed to enable trainees to know what they are doing well and what to work on next. Where trainees need more help, they get this quickly from staff who have the expertise to address trainees' specific development and well-being needs.

Does the ITE provider's primary phase comply with the ITE compliance criteria?

■ The provider meets the DfE statutory compliance criteria.

Do apprenticeships in the ITE provider's primary phase satisfy the principles and requirements of apprenticeship provision?

The provider meets the principles and requirements of apprenticeship provision in the primary phase.

Apprentices in the primary-phase cohort all have their main placement in specialist provision. Starting with the initial assessment, each apprentice's development needs are carefully identified and planned for. The training is continually adapted and refined to meet apprentices' needs. This means that they are very well supported to acquire and practise the knowledge, skills and behaviours needed for their career in teaching.

Off-the-job training is used purposefully to increase and consolidate apprentices' development as confident and successful teachers. Every step of the way, apprentices receive training and guidance from staff with up-to-date subject knowledge. These staff are highly skilled at helping apprentices to reflect on their practice. They work collaboratively with apprentices to identify and prioritise the key actions needed to embed and strengthen their knowledge, skills and behaviours.



Secondary phase report

What works well in the secondary phase and what needs to be done better?

Every part of the Roehampton secondary ITE curriculum is ambitious and well considered. Leaders have designed and implemented a course that prepares trainees to become confident and expert subject teachers.

Trainees are extremely positive about their experience. They appreciate the coherence of the course and breadth of their learning. They develop as reflective practitioners who understand that teaching is a continuous journey of development. They feel that their individual needs are recognised and met by their tutors. Assessment of each trainee's progress is planned and managed well. This means that those trainees who need more support and guidance receive these in a timely and well-targeted manner.

Subject tutors are recruited for their expertise and experience. They ensure that trainees receive carefully sequenced and engaging subject sessions. These sessions focus equally on extending trainees' subject knowledge and their understanding of pedagogical practice in their chosen field. In art, for instance, a typical session includes developing trainees' own expertise in a discipline such as textiles. This is followed by reflection on how their learning is being put into practice in schools. Trainees also learn about how to plan and adapt purposeful assessment approaches for their subject specialism. Subject tutors ensure that they get to know trainees well. This enables them to respond to trainees' needs and to personalise the course where needed. For example, some trainees receive additional support to develop specific aspects of their subject knowledge.

In addition to subject sessions, trainees learn about the things that they will need to do to be a successful teacher, for example how to manage pupils' behaviour and create calm, orderly classrooms. Professional studies training is based on current, credible and wellselected education research. It enables trainees to understand how pupils learn and what they can do to ensure that all pupils, including pupils with SEND, understand and remember more. The CCF entitlements underpin the design of centre- and school-based training.

Leaders check that trainees attend school placements where they will be supported well. They communicate with school leaders to establish high expectations of how they work as partners to support and develop trainees. For example, they provide training sessions for mentors and send out a weekly mailing to share the focus of learning for that week. This is to ensure that trainees are set consistent targets and are supported to meet them. In most cases, the mentoring programme provides trainees with effective support. Nevertheless, some of the feedback and guidance that trainees receive do not embed or build on what trainees have learned at the centre about teaching approaches in their subject.

Partnership leaders are deeply committed to providing high-quality teachers for the profession through a variety of routes. They work with partnership schools to reflect on how to improve further. School leaders value this collaborative approach. Subject tutors



visit trainees in their placements and work with school staff to develop the quality of support and feedback provided. Partnership schools value their link with the university and the opportunity to recruit the high-quality teachers that it provides.

What does the ITE provider need to do to improve the secondary phase?

At times, the delivery of the ITE curriculum is not fully supported by the mentoring programme. This is because some school-based mentoring does not reflect the training at the centre, particularly the pedagogical principles that underpin learning in a subject. This can affect the suitability of targets and guidance that trainees receive from the mentoring programme. Leaders need to further monitor and strengthen the quality of school-based mentoring to ensure that it makes a consistently positive and helpful contribution to the development and experiences of all trainees.

Does the ITE provider's secondary phase comply with the ITE compliance criteria?

■ The provider meets the DfE statutory compliance criteria.

Do apprenticeships in the ITE provider's secondary phase satisfy the principles and requirements of apprenticeship provision?

The provider meets the principles and requirements of apprenticeship provision in the secondary phase.

From the planning of the initial assessment onwards, leaders have thought carefully about the programme for apprentices. Their training is largely aligned with that of trainees from other routes in their subject. This means that apprentices participate in weekly, universityled sessions to develop their subject knowledge. They value this and benefit from having a peer group with which to share ideas. They also value the input of their subject tutors, who ensure that they are aware of apprentices' progress and areas for development.

Leaders evaluate apprentices' subject knowledge. They make sure that the training enables them to become knowledgeable practitioners. They also make sure that employers are aware of the off-the-job training time that is a requirement of the apprenticeship route. They work together with employers to ensure that this time is used purposefully for each apprentice. Apprentices are assessed through a series of well-timed observations and assignments. Although the second teaching placement is brief, trainees value the contrasting perspective it provides.



ITE provider details

Unique reference number	70063
Inspection number	10254546

This inspection was carried out in accordance with the 'Initial teacher education inspection framework and handbook'.

This framework and handbook set out the statutory basis and framework for initial teacher education (ITE) inspections in England from September 2020.

Type of ITE provider	Higher education institution		
Phases provided	Primary Secondary		
Date of previous inspection	4 to 7 March 2013		

Inspection team

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Annex: Placement schools

Inspectors visited the following schools as part of this inspection:

Name	URN	ITE phase(s)
Stanley Park Infants School	145385	Primary
Green Lane Primary and Nursery School	146127	Primary
Goldfinch Primary School	146549	Primary
Marvels Lane Primary School	100696	Primary
Edmund Waller Primary School	100680	Primary
Kelvin Grove Primary School	100690	Primary
Chesterton Primary School	145280	Primary
Holy Cross Roman Catholic Primary School	100345	Primary
Barnes Primary School	102902	Primary
Dorchester Primary School	102982	Primary
Culvers House Primary School	131103	Primary
Southwood Primary School	131845	Primary
Monteagle Primary School	130340	Primary
Orchard House School	101961	Primary
Orleans Primary School	102895	Primary
Thomson House School	139549	Primary
St John's Waltham Green Church of England Primary School	100349	Primary
St Mary's Catholic Primary School	102670	Primary
Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School, Battersea	131520	Primary
Fox Primary School	100482	Primary
Colville Primary School	100481	Primary
Avonmore Primary School	100322	Primary
Flora Gardens Primary School	100328	Primary
Fulham Cross Academy	139364	Secondary
The Grey Coat Hospital School	138313	Secondary
Wimbledon College	102681	Secondary
Ibstock Place School	101064	Secondary
Raynes Park High School	102674	Secondary
Tiffin School	136910	Secondary
Newman Catholic College	101564	Secondary
Waldegrave School	138461	Secondary
Harris Academy Beckenham	137121	Secondary
Teddington School	138460	Secondary
Lilian Baylis Technology School	100625	Secondary
Dunraven School	137093	Secondary



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