

Inspection of Gosberton Academy

High Street, Gosberton, Spalding, Lincolnshire PE11 4NW

Inspection dates: 1–2 October 2019

Overall effectiveness	Requires improvement
The quality of education	Requires improvement
Behaviour and attitudes	Good
Personal development	Requires improvement
Leadership and management	Requires improvement
Early years provision	Requires improvement
Overall effectiveness at previous inspection	Not previously inspected



What is it like to attend this school?

Pupils at this school are happy and safe. Adults care for them well. Pupils and staff enjoy very positive relationships. Pupils know that if they have a problem they can talk with staff to sort it out. Pupils behave well. They know how to behave in different situations, for example on the playground and during assembly.

There are a few incidents of poor behaviour. When these happen, staff help pupils to moderate their behaviour.

Pupils are well rewarded for their achievements. Weekly and termly awards recognise the effort and kindness that pupils show. Staff encourage pupils to take on responsibilities. Pupils elect the head boy and girl, and school council representatives, democratically. At the lunchtime reading club, Year 6 pupils help younger pupils to practise reading. The older pupils guide their younger peers to choose books and to overcome difficulties.

By the time pupils leave the school, most have achieved well in English and mathematics. The quality of education has improved in these subjects. However, this is not the case in all subjects. The curriculum in some subjects is too narrow. Pupils do not learn enough about the world, and their own or other cultures.

What does the school do well and what does it need to do better?

Leaders have recently begun to the review the curriculum. They have started to identify what they want pupils to learn in different subjects. This work is at a very early stage. The quality of education is not good enough in all subjects.

In some subjects, such as history and geography, leaders have decided what pupils should learn. Yet, leaders have not given teachers enough help to know what they need to include when planning learning. Sometimes activities do not match what teachers want pupils to learn.

The curriculum in some subjects is narrow and lacks ambition. Pupils have limited knowledge in these subjects. For example, in music pupils learn to play instruments. However, they do not learn to appreciate different types of music or to compose and write down music. Some subjects, such as computing and modern foreign languages, are at a very early stage of development.

Leaders have begun to raise the profile of reading across the school. In some classes, pupils learn to read and appreciate books. Inspectors saw children taking part in a lively story time. They acted out 'We're Going on a Bear Hunt' by Michael Rosen and Helen Oxenbury. However, the phonics (letters and the sounds they represent) curriculum does not help some pupils to know and remember sounds. Teachers do not help these pupils to catch up quickly. Not all teachers follow the agreed plan for teaching reading.



The curriculum for mathematics is strong. Teachers plan mathematics in a sequence, building on pupils' knowledge. The use of 'cold maths' tasks helps teachers know what pupils can already do. They plan learning which meets the needs of pupils. Pupils revisit aspects of the mathematics curriculum to help knowledge stick.

The provision for pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) varies. Some pupils get good support which helps them to succeed. Yet, for others the curriculum does not meet their needs. Some pupils receive extra support out of lesson time. This means they miss out on other parts of the school day.

Adults in the early years are caring and look after children well. They are enthusiastic and have positive relationships with children and parents. However, the early years curriculum is not ambitious enough. Teachers do not have high enough expectations of what children should be able to do. In some areas of the curriculum, adults do not build on children's knowledge quickly.

Pupils have positive attitudes to learning. They take part in lessons well. Some aspects of pupils' personal development are lacking. This is because the curriculum is too narrow. Pupils do not learn enough about different lifestyles, the wider world or their own and other cultures. Some pupils are taken out of activities to help them catch up in other subjects. This means they miss out on things that would help their personal development.

Safeguarding

The arrangements for safeguarding are effective.

All staff have received recent training in how to keep pupils safe and spot signs of potential abuse. Staff refer concerns quickly. The school and the trust safeguarding leaders follow these up. Records of incidents are well kept. Leaders understand families' needs. They make sure that pupils and families receive the support they need. Leaders seek early help and support to prevent cases from becoming more serious. Staff are aware of the risks to pupils.

What does the school need to do to improve?

(Information for the school and appropriate authority)

- The curriculum for early reading is not coherent. Current provision does not support the least able pupils to know more and remember more. Once they fall behind the support provided for them does not help them to catch up quickly. Leaders need to implement an approach to teaching phonics which provides all pupils with consistency and helps them to remember sounds and apply this knowledge to reading words.
- The curriculum in some subjects is not well established. Teachers are not clear about how they should be using the school's curriculum to plan learning. Leaders



should provide teachers with the support they need to implement the school's new curriculum. Leaders should ensure that teachers know how they should develop pupils' subject knowledge within topics and over time.

- Some subjects are at a very early stage of implementation and have narrow content, or are not being taught well enough. Leaders urgently need to implement a curriculum that is ambitious and broad so that pupils are not disadvantaged by a lack of opportunities to learn well in all subjects.
- The provision for pupils with SEND is not consistently effective. In some instances, these pupils do not receive high-quality teaching to enable them to succeed. Leaders must ensure that the curriculum and high-quality teaching meet the needs of these pupils.
- There is a large amount of intervention taking place outside of lesson time. These interventions mean pupils do not participate in other parts of the school day. Leaders must ensure that high-quality teaching is enabling all pupils to succeed in lessons, rather than having to rely on high levels of extra support. Leaders should ensure that pupils do not miss out on other aspects of the school's provision.
- The ambition for pupils in early years is too low. Children's knowledge is not built on quickly enough. Leaders must ensure that the curriculum fosters high ambitions for children, enabling them to achieve well.
- There is a lack of breadth in the curriculum for pupils' personal development. Leaders must ensure that pupils have a wide range of opportunities to develop cultural knowledge and their understanding of diversity.

How can I feed back my views?

You can use Ofsted Parent View to give Ofsted your opinion on your child's school, or to find out what other parents and carers think. We use Ofsted Parent View information when deciding which schools to inspect, when to inspect them and as part of their inspection.

The Department for Education has further guidance on how to complain about a school.

If you're not happy with the inspection or the report, you can complain to Ofsted.

Further information

You can search for published performance information about the school.

In the report, 'disadvantaged pupils' refers to those pupils who attract government pupil premium funding: pupils claiming free school meals at any point in the last six years and pupils in care or who left care through adoption or another formal route.



School details

Unique reference number 144491

Local authority Lincolnshire

Inspection number 10110022

Type of school Primary

School category Academy converter

Age range of pupils 4 to 11

Gender of pupils Mixed

Number of pupils on the school roll 121

Appropriate authorityBoard of trustees

Chair of trust Chris Penney

Headteacher Tom Baxter

Website www.gosbertonacademy.net

Date of previous inspectionNot previously inspected

Information about this school

■ The academy is part of the Boston Witham Academy Federation.

Information about this inspection

We carried out this inspection under section 5 of the Education Act 2005.

- The inspectors focused on reading, mathematics, geography and music. This included lesson visits accompanied by members of the school's staff. Inspectors also talked with pupils about their school and looked at examples of pupils' work in these and other subjects.
- Meetings were held with the headteacher, the leader of the provision for pupils with SEND, the early years leader, teachers, teaching assistants and leaders of English, mathematics, music and geography. Inspectors also spoke with the trust's chief executive officer, the chair of the governing body and one other governor.
- The inspectors spoke with parents informally and considered the 13 responses to the online parent questionnaire, Parent View, and the 12 responses to the staff survey.
- The inspectors looked at a range of documents, including: the school's curriculum



plans, plans for improvement, the most recent published information on the achievement and progress of pupils and information relating to safeguarding.

Inspection team

Helen Williams, lead inspector Her Majesty's Inspector

Rebecca King Ofsted Inspector



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